Legacy Oregon Burn Center

at Legacy Emanuel Medical Center

503-413-4232 or 1-888-598-4232

Please call to speak with a Burn Center intake/triage/consult nurse for all concerns and referrals.

- Partial and full thickness burns equaling more than 10% of total body surface area (this does not include 1st degree or superficial burns)
- Burns involving the face, hands, fee, genitalia, perineum, or major joints

American Burn Association Referral Criteria

- All electrical (including lightning), chemical or inhalation injuries
- Burn injury patients with pre-existing medical conditions or history
- Burn injuries with associated traumatic injuries
- Any suspicion of non-accidental trauma for either pediatric or adult patients
- Any special social, emotional or rehabilitative considerations

Assessment

- Maintain patient airway
- Assess breathing/highflow O2
- · Assess and treat associated injuries
- C-spine precaution if indicated
- Monitor peripheral pulses
- Assess for circumferential burn

Management

- Keep warm and dry! Check tetanus status
- Manage pain and anxiety
- Baseline lab:
- -CBG, ABG/VBG
- -Glucose in children
- -EKG with electric injury
- -Carboxyhemoglobin if indicated

Fluid Rates

Initial Rate for Burn >20%

- ≤ 5 yr old: **LR** @125 ml/hr
- 6-13 yrs old = LR @ 250 ml/hr
- \leq 14 yrs old = **LR** @ 500 ml/hr

• Give ½ first 8 hrs (from time of arrival)

Adjusted fluid rate

- Give ½ in next 16 hrs
- Example: 4cc x 50% BSA x 70 kg. = 14,000 ccAdminister: 7,000cc 1st 8 hrs - 7,000cc next 16 hrs

Target Urine Output Maintain urine output of:

Adult = 30-50 ml/hrChild = 1 ml/kg/hr

Infant = 2 ml/kg/hr

Wound Management

- Keep warm and dry!
- Cover wounds with clean dry sheet.
- Apply dressings only after speaking to the Burn Center

Category	Age and weight	Adjusted fluid rate
Flame or scald	Adults and older children (≥14 years old)	2 ml LR x kg x % TBSA
	Children (<14 years old)	3 ml LR x kg x % TBSA
	Infants and young children (≤30kg)	3 ml LR x kg x % TBSA Plus D5LR at maintenance rate (4*2*1 Formula)
Electrical injury	All ages	4 ml LR x kg x % TBSA

Inhalation Injuries

Treat the symptom, NOT the sign

- Symptom = Wheezing
- Sign = Soot

Chemical Burns

- Protect yourself first
- Brush off any dry substances • Irrigate with copious amounts of
- water for at least 30 mins
- Keep warm

Electrical Injuries

- Special fluid rate per table
- Obtain baseline EKG
- Continuous cardiac monitoring
- Close observation of respiratory status

Burn Type and Characteristics

First Degree Superficial

- Red
- Painful
- Blanches
- Moist or dry
- May have blisters
- May become edematous

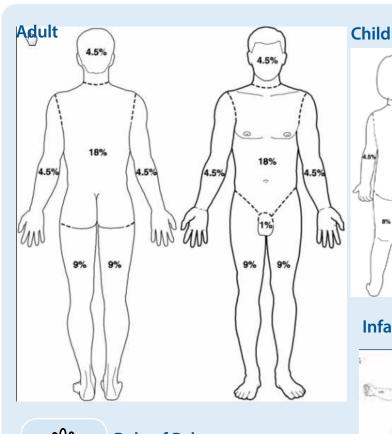
Second Degree Partial thickness

- Can be red or white
- Dryer or blisters
- · Not as painful

Third Degree Full thickness

- · White, cherry red, brown or black
- Hard and leathery
- Painless
- Does not blanch

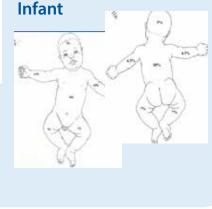






Rule of Palm

Use the size of the patient's hand, including fingers, as 1%



www.legacyhealth.org



EMANUEL Medical Center

GOOD SAMARITAN Medical Center

RANDALL CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL Legacy Emanuel

MERIDIAN PARK Medical Center

MOUNT HOOD Medical Center

LEGACY MEDICAL GROUP

SALMON CREEK Medical Center

LEGACY HEALTH PARTNERS

SILVERTON Medical Center

LEGACY HOSPICE LEGACY LABORATORY